

ARKANSAS AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT

ARKANSAS FORESTRY COMMISSION ARKANSAS LIVESTOCK & POULTRY COMMISSION ARKANSAS STATE PLANT BOARD



1 NATURAL RESOURCES DRIVE, LITTLE ROCK, AR 72205 | (501) 225-1598 | AAD.ARKANSAS.GOV

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: 1/4/2018

Contact: Adriane Barnes, (501) 516-6255, adriane.barnes@arkansas.gov

Arkansas Forestry Commission Shares Wildfire Outlook for 2018

LITTLE ROCK, AR — In 2017, 1,566 wildfires burned 27,549 acres in Arkansas. This is the highest wildfire frequency year since 2012 when 2,148 wildfires burned 34,434 acres. Overall, wildfires were larger in 2017 with an average size of 17.6 acres compared to a 10-year average of 15.5 acres. The highest wildfire frequency month was November when 316 wildfires burned 5,858 acres.

The 2018 wildfire outlook, provided by the <u>National Interagency Coordination Center</u>, predicts higher than normal Arkansas wildfire activity from February – April in Northwest Arkansas counties based on predicted drought conditions and forecasts for dry air over the region. Find detailed outlook maps, <u>here</u>.

"2017 has been an active wildfire year, which points to the fact that we have a lot of woody debris on our forest floor," says State Forester Joe Fox. "With plenty of fuel, an uncertain drought outlook, and wildfires trending larger in size, Arkansans can expect the possibility of an active wildfire season beginning soon. Wildfire danger can take place anytime when we have dry fuels, low humidity, and moderate wind. Forestry crews remain highly trained and well equipped. Residents should always be mindful of safe burning, but should use added caution in the coming year," he says.

Since 1935, the Agriculture Department's Forestry Commission has archived annual wildfire statistics by frequency, cause, and county. Find the archive, here. Counties with the highest 2017 wildfire frequency were: Izard, Hot Spring, Saline, Searcy, Miller, Grant, Sharp, Fulton, Garland, White, and Conway.

The primary causes of Arkansas wildfires continue to be arson and unintentional wildfires caused by routine outdoor burning including the burning of trash, grass and leaves. Other causes of Arkansas wildfires include: lightning strikes, children playing with matches, cigarettes, equipment, and campfires.

Arkansans have many ways to stay informed about Arkansas wildfire danger. Maps featuring Wildfire Danger determined by the Arkansas Forestry Commission, Burn Bans declared by County Judges, and prescribed fires reported to the AFC Dispatch Center are available here. Fire weather forecasts are available from the National Weather Service — Little Rock, here.

The Arkansas Forestry Commission is an agency of the Arkansas Agriculture Department. The AAD is dedicated to the development and implementation of policies and programs for Arkansas agriculture and forestry to keep its farmers and ranchers competitive in national and international markets while ensuring safe food, fiber, and forest products for the citizens of the state and nation. Learn more at ada.arkansas.gov.

###

The Arkansas Agriculture Department offers its programs to all eligible persons regardless of race, color, national origin, sex, age or disability and is an Equal Opportunity Employer.





